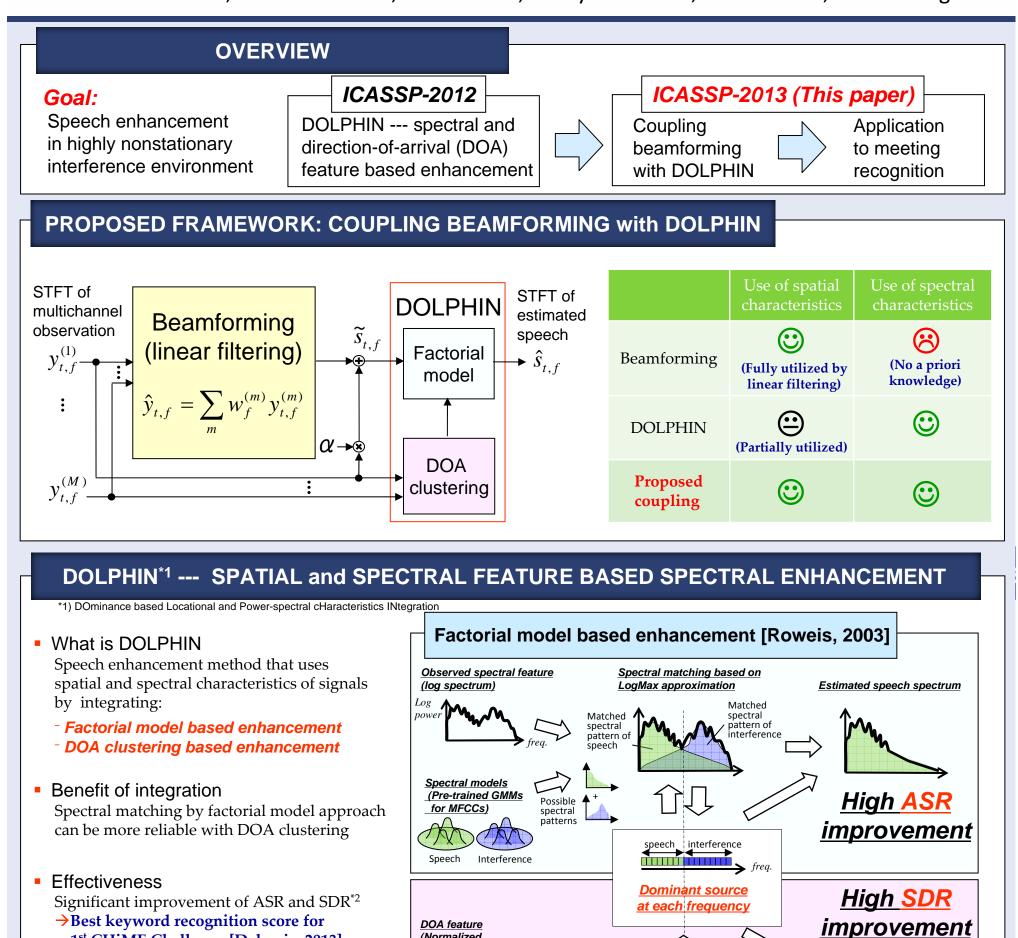


Coupling Beamforming with Spatial and Spectral Feature Based Spectral Enhancement and Its Application to Meeting Recognition

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(Normalized

complex spectrum)

DOA clustering

(Blind processing)

1st CHiME Challenge [Delcroix, 2013]

It does not modify signal phase for enhancement

→ Not yet fully utilize spatial characteristics of signals, e.g., for cancellation of point sources

*2) Signal-to-Distortion Ratio

Limitation

Possible spatial

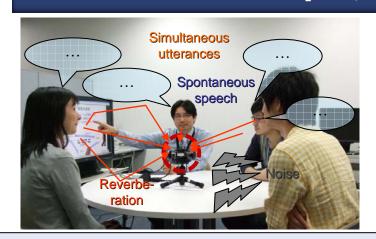
Possible spatial area

of interference

DOA Clustering based enhancement [Yilmatz, 2004]

Estimated speech spectrum

MEETING DATABASE [Hori, 2012]

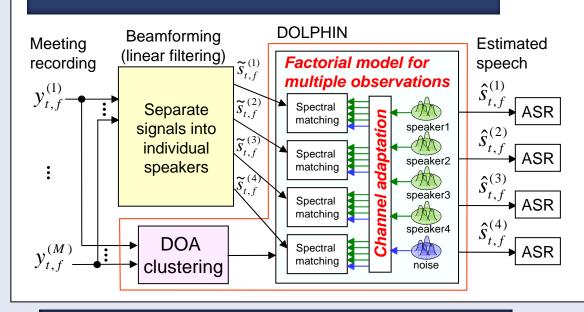


- Formal spontaneous conversation e.g. about "stress at your office"
- Recorded by table microphones
- Japanese
- Length of a session: about 15 min
- # of sessions (test set) : 16
- Stationary Noise
- A lot of simultaneous utterances

Recording condition

	Office room	Sound- proof room			
SNR	15 to 20 dB	20 to 25 dB			
T60	350 ms	120 ms			
# of mics	8				
# of speakers	4				
Mic-spkr dist.	1 m				

COUPLING for MEETING RECOGNITION



Beamforming

Blind source separation by linear filtering

→ All beamformer outputs contain all speakers and noise *with modified acoustic channels*

DOLPHIN

Reduction of remaining interfering speakers and noise using DOA clustering and *factorial model for multiple observations*

Factorial model for multiple observations
 Joint estimation of channels and spectral patterns to match all the beamformer outputs

MEETING RECOGNITION EXPERIMENTS

- Front-ends to be compared
 - ICA [FastICA+Natural Grad.]
 - MVDR [Souden, 2012]
 - DOLPHIN [Nakatani, 2012]
 - ICA+DOLPHIN (Proposed)
 - MVDR+DOLPHIN (Proposed)
- DOLPHIN training data
 - Corpus of Spontaneous Japanese (CSJ) recorded by a headset for speaker independent spectral model
- DOLPHIN channel adaptation
 - Unsupervised bias adaptation (batch)

- ASR training data
 - CSJ for acoustic model (trained based on dMMI criterion [McDermott, 2010])
 - CSJ, training set of meeting database (44 sessions), and WWW for language model (Total vocabulary size: 156k)
- ASR model adaptation
 - Unsupervised MLLR for acoustic model adaptation (batch)

Word error rates (%) obtained using different front-ends *in office room / soundproof room* w/ and w/o unsupervised MLLR for ASR

	w/o MLLR	w/ MLLR	
Baseline (no front-end)	86.5 / 79.8	80.5 / 79.0	
ICA	60.6 / 59.6	49.5 / 48.1	
MVDR	47.1 / 52.6	37.6 / 43.9	
DOLPHIN	49.2 / 48.9	41.1 / 45.1	
ICA+DOLPHIN	43.8 / 45.6	37.9 / 41.6	
MVDR+DOLPHIN	40.6 / 48.0	35.5 / 4 2.7	
Headset (for reference)	30.6 / 40.7	27.0 / 36.1	

CONCLUDING REMARKS

- Coupling of beamforming with DOLPHIN was shown to be very effective as a front-end for a large vocabulary meeting recognition task.
 - Beamforming: optimally controls linear filtering for enhancement based on spatial characteristics of signals
 - DOLPHIN: improves speech spectral estimates based on pre-trained spectral models and DOA clustering.

SOUND DEMONSTRATION

	Obs.	Estimated speech			
ICA	€	()	()		
MVDR		O E	Q E	()	()
DOLPHIN		()	Q E	()	()
ICA+DOLPHIN		()	()	()	()
MVDR+DOLPHIN		()		()	()

Check them on our laptop