

I can speak like a native

 \sim Speaking rhythm conversion rules by English speech corpus \sim

Abstract

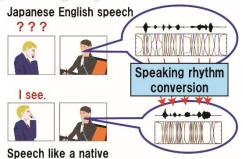
Because of speaking rhythm differences between Japanese and English, most native Japanese speakers have difficulty communicating well in English. We have developed a technique of automatically correcting the halting English rhythm of native Japanese speakers by approximating the natural rhythm of native English speakers. However, our previous speaking rhythm conversion technique needed the same sentences to be spoken by a native speaker. In this study, we devised rules for converting the speaking rhythm of native Japanese speakers into that of native English speakers using English speech corpus. We hope that this technique will eventually alleviate the burden involved in communication using non-native languages.

Speaking rhythm differences between Japanese and English

Stress-timed rhythm (English)Even intervals among stressed syllablesHumpty dumpty satMaWall.(Stress in red)Mora-timed rhythm (Japanese)Equal duration of every mora

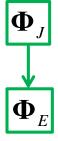
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Speaking rhythm conversion 'Speak like a native'



Speaking rhythm of Japanese native speakers

Speaking rhythm of English native speakers



Conversion by replacing the rhythm between them

%NTD[1] is used for extracting speaking rhythm from speech signals

Previous method Required a sample of the same sentence read by a native

Proposed method

<u>Speaking rhythm conversion without a sample of the same sentence</u> Machine learning technique creates rules for converting the speaking rhythm of Japanese speakers into that of English speakers.

 $\Phi_E \approx \mathbf{F} \Phi_J$

- 1. Modeling of Japanese native speakers' English (KATAKANA EIGO)
- 2. Phoneme-based conversion rules

Related works

S. Hiroya, "Non-negative temporal decomposition of speech parameters by multiplicative update rules," *IEEE Transactions on Audio, Speech, and Language Processing*, Vol. 21, No. 10, pp. 2108-2117, 2013.
S. Hiroya, "Speaking rhythm extraction and control by non-negative temporal decomposition," *NTT Technical Review*, Vol. 11, No. 12, 2013.

Contact

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